



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

Great additional value is added to this volume by the fact that the Journals of 1766, 1767 and 1768, have never before been in print, and indeed the existence of the manuscript copies were only made known during a search in the British Public Record Office which was authorized by the State Library.

The preface, as in the other volumes, contains many valuable documents relating to the history of the period, and an especially full examination of the Robinson defalcation, which threatened such serious results to the Colony. There is a strange error, however, on page vii. The Duke of Cumberland is referred to as prime minister. The duke of that name at the time was Henry Frederick, brother to George III. was then only twenty-one years of age, and, as a royal duke, could by no possibility have been in the ministry.

This volume of the Journals can be most highly commended as a very valuable addition to the materials for Virginia history.

**THE CRADLE OF THE REPUBLIC, JAMESTOWN AND JAMES RIVER.**

By Lyon Gardner Tyler, LL. D., President of the College of William and Mary, Williamsburg, Virginia. Richmond, Virginia. The Hermitage Press, Inc., 1906, pp. 286.

The first edition of President Tyler's well-known work ran out of print several years ago. The edition of 1900 impressed itself on the public as a unique and valuable book—one of those which fill a long felt want. This edition has been greatly enlarged and improved, and in profusion of illustrations alone, is quite different from the well illustrated volume first issued. It is impossible to more than summarize a book which is, in fact, a condensed encyclopædia of information relating to the historic events, the places and the people, from the Virginia Capes and Norfolk up James River to Richmond. There are also well studied chapters on the New Foundland and Roanoke Colonies, and on the London and Plymouth Companies. The remaining chapters are III, The Indians along James River; IV, The Island of Jamestown; V, The English at Jamestown; VI, The Fort; VII, The Church; VIII, Block Houses; IX, The Glass House; X, The Governor's House; XI, The State House; XII, Social Condition; XIII, Political Conditions; XIV, Origin and History of places along James River. Appendix.

There are 99 illustrations, portraits, fac-similes of autographs, and other manuscripts, views, restorations, &c.—all worth while. It should have been stated, however, that the views of Jamestown (frontispiece) and the picture of the massacre, are the creation of a Dutch illustration at the end of the seventeenth century, and have no claim to reality.

In the important chapter on Jamestown, Mr. Tyler frankly abandons his former belief in regard to topography, and accepts the results of Mr. Yonge's remarkable study in "The Site of Old James Town." Mr. Tyler's

own investigations and his study of the *Ambler Manuscripts* in the Congressional Library, have confirmed him in his confidence in Mr. Yonge's statements.

THE HILL FAMILY OF VIRGINIA. Compiled by Mrs. Giles C. Courtney [Richmond] Richmond, Va., 1905.

This little pamphlet should rather have been called "A Hill Family," for it is an account of the descendants of Colonel Humphrey Hill, of King and Queen county. Numerous lines of descendants, through daughters, as well as sons, are given.

---

#### IN THE PRESS.

THE SITE OF OLD "JAMES TOWNE," 1607-1698. A brief historical and topographical sketch of the first American metropolis. Illustrated with original maps, drawings and photographs. By Samuel H. Yonge [Richmond, Va.]

Mr. Yonge's remarkable monograph on Jamestown, which changed its former vagueness to an authentically mapped territory, is now, in the possible exception of half a dozen copies, out of print. Its value was instantly recognized, and the book received many complimentary notices. It is to be reissued with additional matter, more illustrations, and additional information in the maps.

For first hand information as to what Jamestown was, and how the many interesting discoveries in regard to it were made, Mr. Yonge's book is indispensable.

DESCENDANTS OF MATTHIAS ST. JOHN, OF DORCHESTER, MASS., 1634, WINDSOR, CONN., 1640, WETHERSFIELD, CONN., 1643-1645, AND NORWALK, CONN., 1650 By Orlene St. John Alexander. Only 500 numbered copies, square 8vo, cloth, illustrated, about 600 pages. Price before publication, \$9.00 net (carriage twenty-five cents). The Grafton Press, Genealogical Publishers, New York, MCMVI.

Mrs. Alexander has been engaged for a number of years on this work, which is most thoroughly and carefully done. This family of St. John is scattered widely through the United States.